Defence Seminar	
Seminar Title	: Theoretical and Experimental Investigations on Antennas and Microwave Devices Using Conformal Mapping Technique
Speaker	: Jayanta Bhattacharya (Rollno : 518ec1003)
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Venue	: EC Seminar Room (Room No: EC 303) (External Examiner will join through online mode)
Date and Time	: 28 Apr 2025 (4:00 pm)
Abstract	: In this dissertation, conformal mapping technique is used to investigate different types of microstrip antennas, such as Annular Ring Microstrip Antenna (ARMA), Regular Polygonal Microstrip Antennas (RPMAs), and Irregular Pentagona Microstrip antenna (IPMA). Our theoretical approach is also applicable to different types of Regular Polygonal Waveguides (RPWGs). Here, a general theoretical model is proposed to investigate the characteristics of different regular polygonal waveguides and microstrip antennas with proper physical insights for the first time. In the case of microstrip antenna, internal field patterns of different TM_mnp modes is computed using conformal mapping technique with good accuracy. Input impedance, far-field radiation patterns, radiation efficiency, total quality factor, bandwidth, radiated power, and gain are also computed and discussed here using conformal mapping techniques. Our theoretical results are compared with experimental results and data obtained using 3D EM simulation to show the accuracy of our theory. For waveguide analysis, the cutoff frequency of different regular polygonal waveguides for various TE and TM modes are calso presented. It is found that our proposed theoretical results are in good agreement with the 3D electromagnetic simulation to HFSS and the data as found in the open literature. Wave impedance and attenuation coefficients of RPWGs are also investigated using our proposed theoretical approach can be applied to investigate the rectangular dielectric waveguides for different HEM modes are still unavailable because the fields in the corner region of the dielectric waveguides. Our mathematical approach can be applied to investigate the rectangular dielectric waveguides for different HEM modes are still unavailable because the fields in the corner region of the dielectric waveguides for different HEM modes are still unavailable because the fields in the corner region of the rectangular dielectric waveguides for different HEM modes are still unavailable because the